The financial report of the third quarter of the fiscal year ended 31st, March 2022 (FY2022)



Value beyond Logistics Mitsui-Soko group

February, 16th 2022



Explanatory materials

Financial Report of the Third Quarter of FY2022

Forecast for FY2022



Increases in revenue and profits compared to the same quarter of the previous year

- Increase in freight forwarding services, container handling in port transport services, overseas storage and transportation services due to recovery in imports and exports
- Increase in handling volumes in air transportation due to the impact of COVID-19
- Increase in handling volumes in healthcare logistics and solution logistics, which are our focus areas, due to starting operation of the new warehouse and the new logistics center

(Unit: 100 million yen, rounded off to the nearest integer)

| Consolidated total amount | The third quarter of FY2021 (Apr.1, 2020~ Dec.31, 2020) | The third quarter of FY2022 (Apr.1, 2021~ Dec.31, 2021) | Changes | Changes(%) |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---------|------------|
| Operating revenue | 1,869 | 2,168 | +299 | +16.0% |
| Operating profit | 135 | 181 | +46 | +34.4% |
| Ordinary profit | 135 | 182 | +47 | +35.1% |
| Profit attributed to owners of parent | 79 | 103 | +24 | +30.1% |



(2) Operating revenue

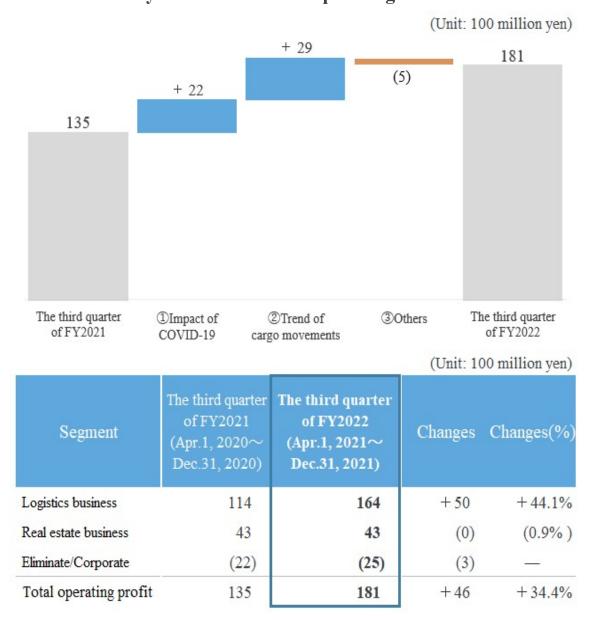
Increase in operating revenue of 29.9 billion yen compared to the same quarter of the previous year

- Increase in handling volumes in air transportation due to the impact of COVID-19
- Increase in freight forwarding, storage and transportation services due to recovery in imports and exports, and response to temporary increase in raw material and stock component by manufacturers
- Increase in handling volumes in healthcare logistics and solution logistics, which are our focus areas, due to starting operation of the new warehouse and the new logistics center

| 1,869 | + 176 | + 222 | | 100 million yen) 2,168 | (1) Impact of COVID-19 +176 (1) Increase in handling volumes in emergency air transportation to maintain or review production system caused by supply chain disruption (1) Shift to air transport due to a shortage of ocean containers and soaring air freight rates (2) Trend of cargo movements +222 (1) Increase in ocean and air freight forwarding services (2) Increase in overseas storage and transportation services. | : +110 ion : +66 : +85 : +65 |
|-------------------------|--|--|---------|--|--|--|
| | | Trend of ③ movements | | The third quarter of FY2022 100 million yen) | Î : Increase in handling volume in logistics related to home appliances (including demand for Olympic and Paralympic Games) î : Recovery of container handling in port transport services î : Increase in handling volumes in healthcare logistics due to starting | +10 +18 +10 +18 |
| Segment | The third quarter of FY2021 (Apr.1, 2020~ Dec.31, 2020) | The third quarter of FY2022 (Apr.1, 2021~ Dec.31, 2021) | Changes | Changes(%) | operation of the new warehouse Increase in handling volumes in solution business due to starting operation of the new logistics center Others | : +14 : +12 |
| Logistics business | 1,802 | 2,102 | + 300 | + 16.6% | ③ Others (99) | |
| Real estate business | 72 | 71 | (1) | (1.0%) | . Effect of having excluded Prime Cargo Group from the | : (99) |
| Eliminate/Corporate | (5) | (6) | (0) | _ | scope of consolidation | |
| Total operating revenue | 1,869 | 2,168 | + 299 | + 16.0% | | |



Increase in operating profit of 4.6 billion yen compared to the same quarter of the previous year, due mainly to the increase in operating revenue



(1) Impact of COVID 10 \perp 22

scope of consolidation

| (1) Impact of COVID-19 +22 | |
|---|-------|
| $\mathbf{\hat{1}}$: Increase in handling volumes in emergency air transportation to | : +13 |
| maintain or review production system caused by supply chain disrupti | on |
| $\hat{1}$: Shift to air transport due to a shortage of ocean containers and | : +9 |
| soaring air freight rates | |
| ② Trend of cargo movements +29 | |
| ↑ : Increase in ocean and air freight forwarding services | : +6 |
| $ \mathbf{\hat{1}} $: Increase in overseas storage and transportation services | : +6 |
| $\mathbf{\hat{1}}$: Increase in handling volume in logistics related to home | : +9 |
| appliances (including demand for Olympic and Paralympic Games) | |
| | : +6 |
| $\mathbf{\hat{1}}$: Increase in handling volumes in healthcare logistics due to starting | : +2 |
| operation of the new warehouse | |
| \mathbf{J} : Initial costs of the new warehouse in healthcare logistics | : (1) |
| $\mathbf{\hat{1}}$: Increase in handling volumes in solution business due to starting | : +2 |
| operation of the new logistics center | |
| ↓ : Rise in the diesel price | : (1) |
| (3) Others (5) | |
| ↑ : Decrease in goodwill amortization | : +3 |
| \$\bar{U}\$: System costs to digitalize our business processes | : (4) |
| \mathbf{J} : Effect of having excluded Prime Cargo Group from the | : (4) |
| | |



Financial profit/loss and Non-operating profit (loss) at about the same level as the same period of FY2021

- Though interest expenses decreased due to reduction of interest-bearing debt, dividend income decreased due to sales of cross-shareholdings in FY2021.
- No extraordinary gains and losses occurred.

| Consolidated total amount | The third quarter of FY2021 (Apr. 1, 2020~ Dec. 31, 2020) | The third quarter of FY2022 (Apr.1, 2021~ Dec.31, 2021) | Changes | Reason for changes |
|--|--|--|---------|---|
| Operating profit | 135 | 181 | + 46 | |
| Non-operating profit (loss) | (0) | 1 | +1 | Decrease in financial profit/loss : (0.4) Foreign exchange gains/losses : +1.8 Others : (0.5) |
| Financial profit/loss | (2) | (3) | (0) | Decrease in interest expenses : +0.9 Decrease in dividend income and interst income : (1.3) |
| Ordinary profit | 135 | 182 | + 47 | |
| Extraordinary gains | 3 | | (3) | FY2021 Gain on sale of investment securities and others |
| Extraordinary losses | 5 | <u> </u> | (5) | FY2021 Loss on sale of shares of subsidiaries and associates |
| Profit attributed to owners of parent | 79 | 103 | + 24 | |

(Unit: 100 million yen)



Cash flow from operating activities at about the same level as the same period of FY2021

• Though our profits significantly increased, the payment of corporate taxes increased due to a gain on sales of investment securities in FY2021.

Implementation of strategic investments and returns to shareholders

- Partial payment for construction cost of Kanto P&M Center (Building B), a new warehouse for the exclusive use of healthcare logistics, which are one of our focus areas
- Increased dividend : End of the previous fiscal year 30 yen per share (up 5 yen YoY), This interim period 35 yen per share (up 10 yen YoY) (announced on November 4, 2021)
 (Unit: 100 million yen)

| Consolidated total amount | The third quarter of FY2021 (Apr.1, 2020~ Dec.31, 2020) | The third quarter of FY2022 (Apr.1, 2021~ Dec.31, 2021) | Changes | Reason for changes |
|--|--|--|---------|--|
| Cash flows from operating activities | 138 | 136 | (2) | |
| Profit before income taxes | 133 | 182 | + 49 | |
| Depreciation and amortization of goodwill | 74 | 69 | (5) | |
| Income taxes paid | (46) | (96) | (50) | Increase in Income taxes paid due to Gain on sale of securities occurred in FY2021 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | (38) | (59) | (21) | |
| Capital investment and acquisition of shares | (55) | (62) | (7) | Partial payment for construction cost of a new warehouse for the exclusive use of healthcare logistics and others |
| Sale of assets | 17 | 1 | (16) | Sales of cross-shareholdings and shares of subsidiaries in FY2021 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | (90) | (55) | + 35 | |
| Change in interest-bearing debt (Net) | (65) | (29) | + 36 | |
| Dividends paid | (12) | (16) | (4) | Increased dividend for the end of the previous fiscal year and for this interim period |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 228 | 250 | + 22 | |



Reduction of Interest-bearing debt and improvement of Equity ratio

- Increase in Trade receivables due to increase in handling volume and soaring air freight rates
- Decrease in Interest-bearing debt due to the repayment of debt
- Increase in Equity capital due to the recording of net income

(Unit: 100 million yen)

| Consolidated total amount | Balance at March 31, 2021 | Balance at Dec. 31, 2021 | Changes | Reason for changes |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|---|
| Total assets | 2,384 | 2,520 | +136 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 232 | 253 | +21 | |
| Trade receivables | 324 | 367 | +43 | Increase in trade receivables due to increase in handling volume and soaring air freight rates |
| Tangibles and Intangibles assets | 1,445 | 1,452 | + 7 | Establishment of a new warehouse for the exclusive use of healthcare logistics and others |
| Interest-bearing debt | 1,079 | 1,050 | (29) | |
| Net-debt | 847 | 797 | (50) | Repayment of debt |
| Equity capital | 627 | 725 | + 98 | Recording of net income |
| Equity ratio | 26.3% | 28.8% | +2.5 | |
| Net D/E ratio | 1.35 | 1.10 | (0.25) | |



Contents

Explanatory materials

Financial Report of the Third Quarter of FY2022

Forecast for FY2022



Upward Revision of our full-year earnings forecast

Results for the third quarter in FY2022 exceeded the earnings forecast announced on November 4, 2021

- <Breakdown of upward revision of operating profit by 1.5 billion yen>
- +0.9 bn yen: Increase in air transportation (shift from ocean transportation and increase in emergency transportation of components, etc.)

+0.4 bn yen: Increase in freight forwarding, storage and transportation services (temporary increase in inventory of raw materials and stock component for manufacturers, etc.) +0.2 bn yen: Others

| | | | | (| Unit: 100 million yen) |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---|---------|------------|---|
| Consolidated total amount | Previous forecast | FY2022 (Apr.1, 2021~ Mar. 31, 2022) | Changes | Changes(%) | (ref.) FY2021 (Apr.1, 2020~ Mar. 31, 2021) |
| Operating revenue | 2,750 | 2,850 | +100 | +3.6% | 2,536 |
| Operating Profit | 205 | 220 | +15 | +7.3% | 177 |
| Ordinary Profit | 201 | 218 | +17 | +8.5% | 172 |
| Profit attributed to owners of parent | 117 | 120 | +3 | +2.6% | 115 |

(I Init: 100 million von)



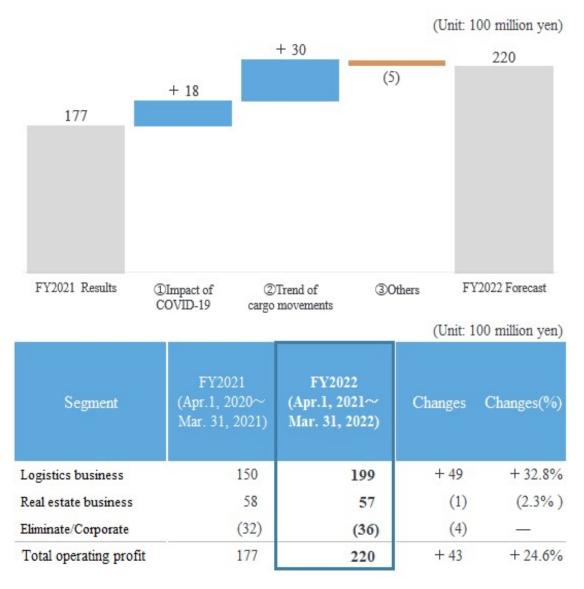
Both operating revenue and profit in the logistics business are expected to increase, while those in the real estate business are expected to be maintained at previous-year levels.

| [Operating revenue] | | | 0 | (Unit: 100 million yen) |
|-------------------------|---|---|---------|-------------------------|
| Segment | FY2021 (Apr.1, 2020~ Mar. 31, 2021) | FY2022 (Apr.1, 2021~ Mar. 31, 2022) | Changes | Changes(%) |
| Logistics business | 2,446 | 2,760 | + 314 | + 12.8% |
| Real estate business | 96 | 95 | (1) | (1.3%) |
| Eliminate/Corporate | (7) | (5) | + 2 | _ |
| Total operating revenue | 2,536 | 2,850 | + 314 | + 12.4% |
| (Operating profit) | | | | |
| Segment | FY2021 (Apr.1, 2020~ Mar. 31, 2021) | FY2022 (Apr.1, 2021~ Mar. 31, 2022) | Changes | Changes(%) |
| Logistics business | 150 | 199 | + 49 | + 32.8% |
| Real estate business | 58 | 57 | (1) | (2.3%) |
| Eliminate/Corporate | (32) | (36) | (4) | |
| Total operating profit | 177 | 220 | + 43 | + 24.6% |



Expected increase in operating profit of 4.3 billion yen compared to the previous period

- Increase in handling volumes in air transportation due to the impact of COVID-19 +1.8 bn yen •
- Increase in freight forwarding, storage and transportation services due to recovery in imports and exports +3.0 bn yen .



~ -

| ① Impact of COVID-19 +18 | | |
|---|---|-----|
| $\hat{\mathbf{r}}$: Increase in handling volumes in emergency air transportation to | : | +13 |
| maintain or review production system caused by supply chain disruption | | |
| $\mathbf{\hat{l}}$: Shift to air transport due to a shortage of ocean containers and | : | +5 |
| soaring air freight rates | | |
| ② Trend of cargo movements +30 | | |
| 1: Increase in ocean and air freight forwarding services | : | +7 |
| $\mathbf{\hat{1}}$: Increase in overseas storage and transportation services | : | +6 |
| $\mathbf{\hat{1}}$: Increase in handling volume in logistics related to home | : | +9 |
| appliances (including demand for Olympic and Paralympic Games) | | |
| 1: Recovery of container handling in port transport services | : | +7 |
| $\mathbf{\hat{1}}$: Increase in handling volumes in healthcare logistics due to starting | : | +2 |
| operation of the new warehouse | | |
| \mathbf{I} : Initial costs of the new warehouse in healthcare logistics | : | (1) |
| $\mathbf{\hat{l}}$: Increase in handling volumes in solution business due to starting | : | +3 |
| operation of the new logistics center | | |
| \mathbf{I} : Initial costs due to starting operation of the new logistics center | | (2) |
| \mathbf{J} : Rise in the diesel price | : | (1) |
| ③Others (5) | | |
| | : | +4 |
| \$\black\$: System costs to digitalize our business processes | : | (5) |
| I : Effect of having excluded Prime Cargo Group from the scope of | : | (4) |
| consolidation | | |



Neither fluctuations in non-operating profit (loss) nor extraordinary gains/losses are assumed.

(Unit: 100 million yen)

| Consolidated total amount | FY2021 (Apr.1, 2020~ Mar. 31, 2021) | FY2022 (Apr.1, 2021~ Mar. 31, 2022) | Changes | Reason for changes |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|---------|---|
| Operating profit | 177 | 220 | +43 | |
| Non-operating profit (loss) | (4) | (2) | +2 | |
| Financial profit/loss | (4) | (5) | (1) | |
| Ordinary profit | 172 | 218 | +46 | |
| Extraordinary gains | 57 | | (57) | FY2021 Gain on sale of investment securities and others |
| Extraordinary losses | 39 | | (39) | FY2021 Impairment loss and loss on sale of shares of subsidiaries and associates |
| Profit attributed to owners of parent | 115 | 120 | +5 | |



Cash flows from operating activities is expected to be 23.5 billion yen, a 2.2 billion yen increase from the previous fiscal year.

Implementation of strategic investments and returns to shareholders

- Cash flows from investing activities is expected to be an outflow of 8.0 billion yen, a 8.8 billion increase from the previous fiscal year, due to partial payment for construction cost of Kanto P&M Center (Building B), a new warehouse for the exclusive use of healthcare logistics compared to FY2021 when cross-stockholdings had been sold.
- Cash flows from financing activities is expected to be an outflow of 14.5 billion yen due to dividends and repayment of interest-bearing debt.

(Unit: 100 million yen)

13

| Consolidated total amount | FY2021 (Apr.1, 2020~ Mar. 31, 2021) | FY2022 (Apr.1, 2021~ Mar. 31, 2022) | Changes | Reason for changes |
|--|---|---|--------------------|---|
| Cash flows from operating activities | 213 | 235 | +22 | |
| Depreciation and amortization of goodwill | 98 | 92 | (6) | |
| Cash flows from investing activities | 8 | (80) | (88) | |
| Capital investment and acquisition of shares | (81) | (80) | +1 | |
| Sale of assets | 88 | 1 | <mark>(</mark> 87) | FY2021 Sales of cross-shareholdings and shares of subsidiaries |
| Cash flows from financing activities | (217) | (145) | + 72 | |
| Change in interest-bearing debt (Net) | (190) | (120) | +70 | |
| Dividends paid | (12) | (16) | (4) | Increased dividend for the end of the previous fiscal year an for this interim period |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 227 | 240 | +13 | |



Increase in total assets due to the execution of investments

• Increase in fixed assets due to the acquisition of both a new warehouse for the exclusive use of healthcare logistics and material handling equipment for a new distribution center

Decrease in interest-bearing debt

Balance of interest-bearing debt as of March 31, 2022 is expected to be 96.0 billion yen due to the repayment of debt, and equity capital is expected to be 74.3 billion yen due to the posting of net income.
 (Unit: 100 million yen)

| | | | | (ome roo minion je |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| Consolidated total amount | Balance at March 31, 2021 | Balance at March 31, 2022 | Changes | Reason for changes |
| Total assets | 2,384 | 2,500 | + 116 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 232 | 240 | + 8 | |
| Trade receivables | 324 | 350 | + 26 | |
| Tangibles and Intangibles assets | 1,445 | 1,460 | + 15 | |
| Interest-bearing debt | 1,079 | 960 | (119) | Repayment of debt |
| Net-debt | 847 | 720 | (127) | |
| Equity capital | 627 | 743 | + 116 | Recording of net income |
| Equity ratio | 26.3% | 29.7% | + 3.4 | |
| Net D/E ratio | 1.35 | 0.9 7 | (0.38) | |